

Annex to Solar Keymark Certificate Supplementary Information	Licence Number	011-7S2618 F
	Issued	2016-12-08

Annual collector output in kWh/collector at mean fluid temperature ϑ_m , based on ISO 9806:2013 test results													
Collector name	Standard Locations ϑ_m	Athens			Davos			Stockholm			Würzburg		
		25°C	50°C	75°C	25°C	50°C	75°C	25°C	50°C	75°C	25°C	50°C	75°C
Zelios CF 2.0-1		2 049	1 395	857	1 525	1 008	594	1 125	703	402	1 222	753	423
Annual output per m ² gross area		1 020	694	426	759	502	295	560	350	200	608	375	210
Fixed or tracking collector		Fixed (slope = latitude - 15°; rounded to nearest 5°)											
Annual irradiation on collector plane		1765 kWh/m ²			1714 kWh/m ²			1166 kWh/m ²			1244 kWh/m ²		
Mean annual ambient air temperature		18.5°C			3.2°C			7.5°C			9.0°C		
Collector orientation or tracking mode		South, 25°			South, 30°			South, 45°			South, 35°		
The collector is operated at constant temperature ϑ_m (mean of in- and outlet temperatures). The calculation of the annual collector performance is performed with the official Solar Keymark spreadsheet tool Scenocalc Ver. 5.01 (March 2016). A detailed description of the calculations is available at www.solarkeymark.org/scenocalc													

Additional Information		
Collector heat transfer medium	Water-Glycole	
Hybrid Thermal and Photo Voltaic collector	No	
The collector is deemed to be suitable for roof integration	Yes	
The collector was tested successfully according to EN ISO 9806:2013 under the following conditions:		
Climate class (A, B or C)	A	--
Maximum tested positive load	5400	Pa
Maximum tested negative load	3500	Pa
Hail resistance using steel ball (maximum drop height)	35	m

Energy Labelling Information			
	Reference Area, A_{sol} (m ²)	Data required for CDR (EU) No 811/2013 - Reference Area A_{sol}	
Zelios CF 2.0-1	2.01	Collector efficiency (η_{col})	51 %
		<i>Remark: Collector efficiency (η_{col}) is defined in CDR (EU) No 811/2013 as collector efficiency of the solar collector at a temperature difference between the solar collector and the surrounding air of 40 K and a global solar irradiance of 1000 W/m², expressed in % and rounded to the nearest integer. Deviating from the regulation η_{col} is based on reference area (A_{sol}) which is aperture area for values according to EN 12975-2 or gross area for ISO 9806:2013.</i>	
		Data required for CDR (EU) No 812/2013 - Reference Area A_{sol}	
		Zero-loss efficiency (η_0)	0.670 --
		First-order coefficient (a_1)	3.48 W/(m ² K)
		Second-order coefficient (a_2)	0.012 W/(m ² K ²)
		Incidence angle modifier IAM (50°)	0.89 --
		<i>Remark: The data given in this section are related to collector reference area (A_{sol}) which is aperture area for values according to EN 12975-2 or gross area for ISO 9806. Consistent data sets for either aperture or gross area can be used in calculations like in the regulation 811 and 812 and simulation programs.</i>	